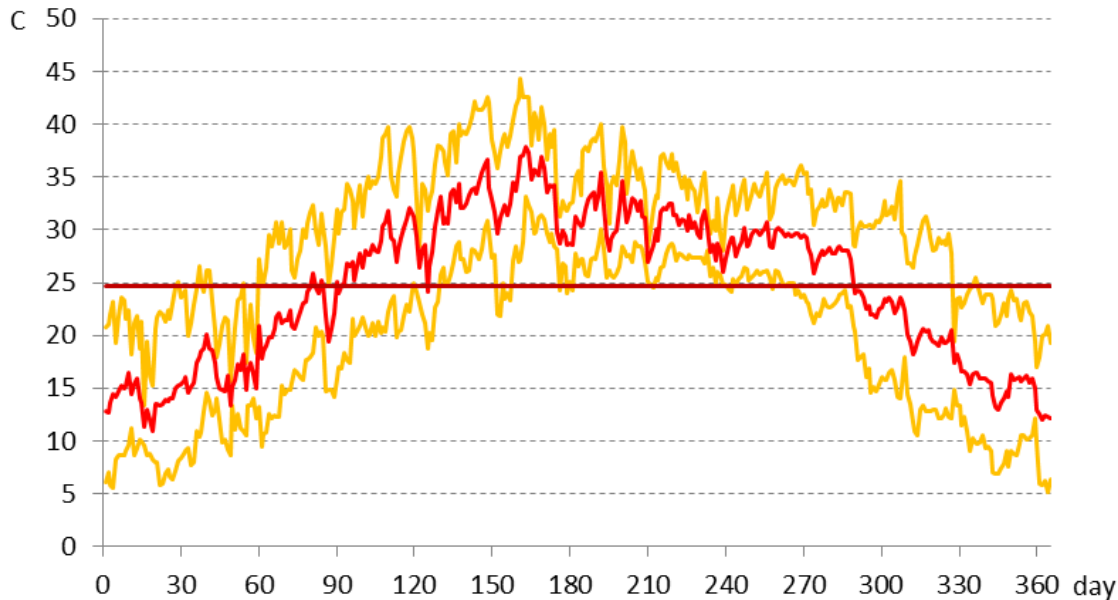


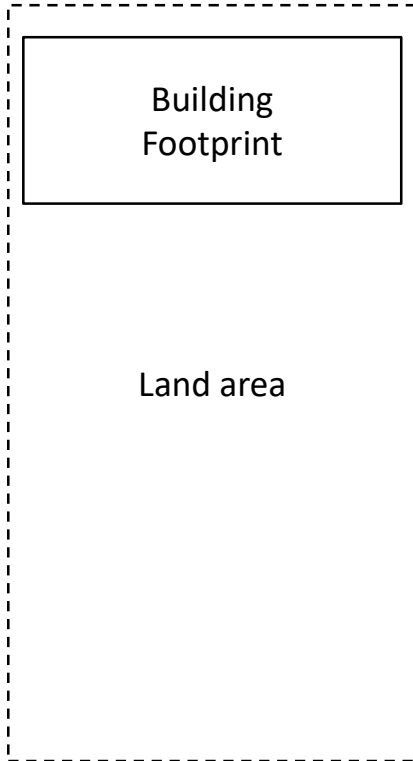
Earth Air Tunnel: Design basics

New Delhi weather data



- Annual mean: 24.7 °C
- Daily mean (hottest): 37.0 °C
- Daily max (hottest): 44.3 °C
- Annual half amplitude (hottest): $37.0 - 24.7 = 12.3$ °C
- Daily half amplitude (hottest): $44.3 - 37.0 = 7.3$ °C

Building data

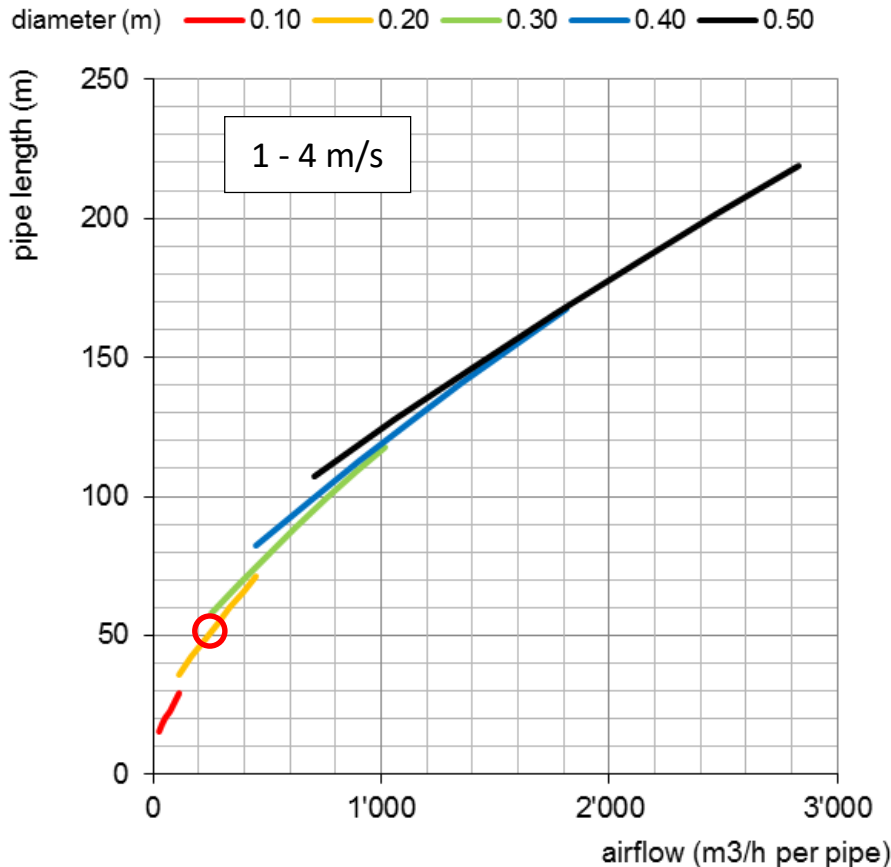


Building

- Length: 50 m
- Width: 22 m
- Height: 3 m
- Footprint: 1100 m²
- Land area: 5000 m²
- Air change: 6 ach
- Air flow: 20'000 m³/h

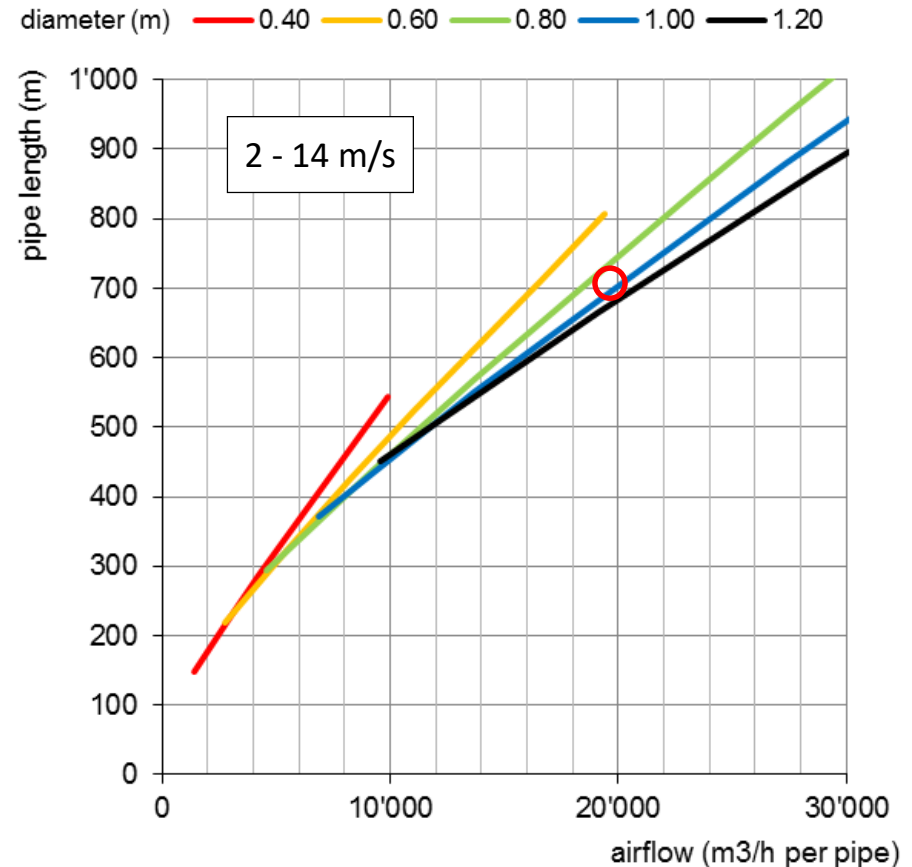
Daily dampening

Soil around pipe: ~ 20 cm



Option 1 (length constraint):

- Pipe: 50 m (diameter 20 cm) => 250 m³/h
- No pipes: 80 => total length: 4000 m
- Velocity: 2.2 m/s



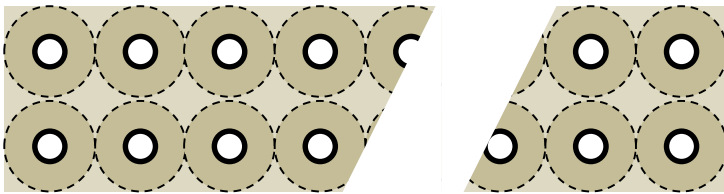
Option 2 (pipe in zig-zag):

- Pipe: 700 m (diameter 100 cm) => 20'000 m³/h
- No pipes: 1 => total length: 700 m
- Velocity: 7.1 m/s

Size

Option 1:

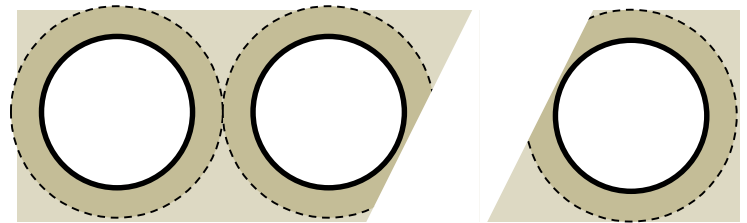
- Width per pipe: $0.2 + 2 \times 0.2 = 0.6 \text{ m}$
- Area (monolayer): $0.6 \times 4000 = 2'400 \text{ m}^2$
- Layers under building: $2'400/1'100 \sim 2$



2 x 40 pipes, one way

Option 2:

- Width per pipe: $1.0 + 2 \times 0.2 = 1.4 \text{ m}$
- Area (monolayer): $1.4 \times 700 = 980 \text{ m}^2$
- Layers under building: 1



1 pipe, 7 x back-and-forth

Expected peak performance

Inlet:

- Daily mean: 37.0 °C
- Daily half amplitude: 7.3 °C
- Daily max: $37.0 + 7.3 = 44.3$ °C

Outlet

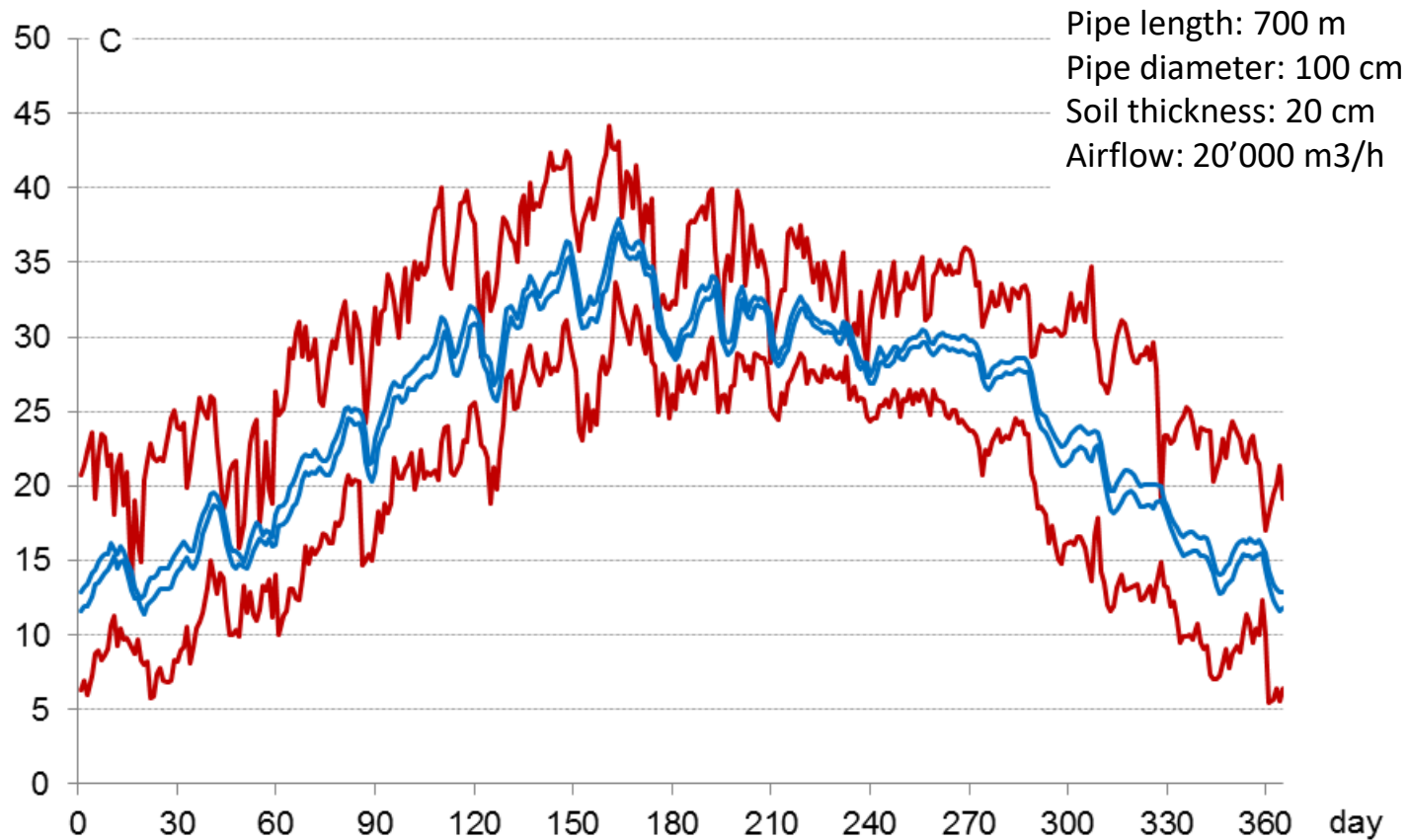
- Daily mean: 37.0 °C
- Daily half-amplitude: $15\% \times 7.3$ °C = 1.1 °C
- Daily max: $37.0 + 1.1 = 38.1$ °C

Peak performance:

- Temp. drop: $43.4 - 38.1 = 6.2$ °C
- Cooling: $20'000 \text{ m}^3/\text{h} \times 6.2$ °C $\times 0.3 = 37.2$ kW

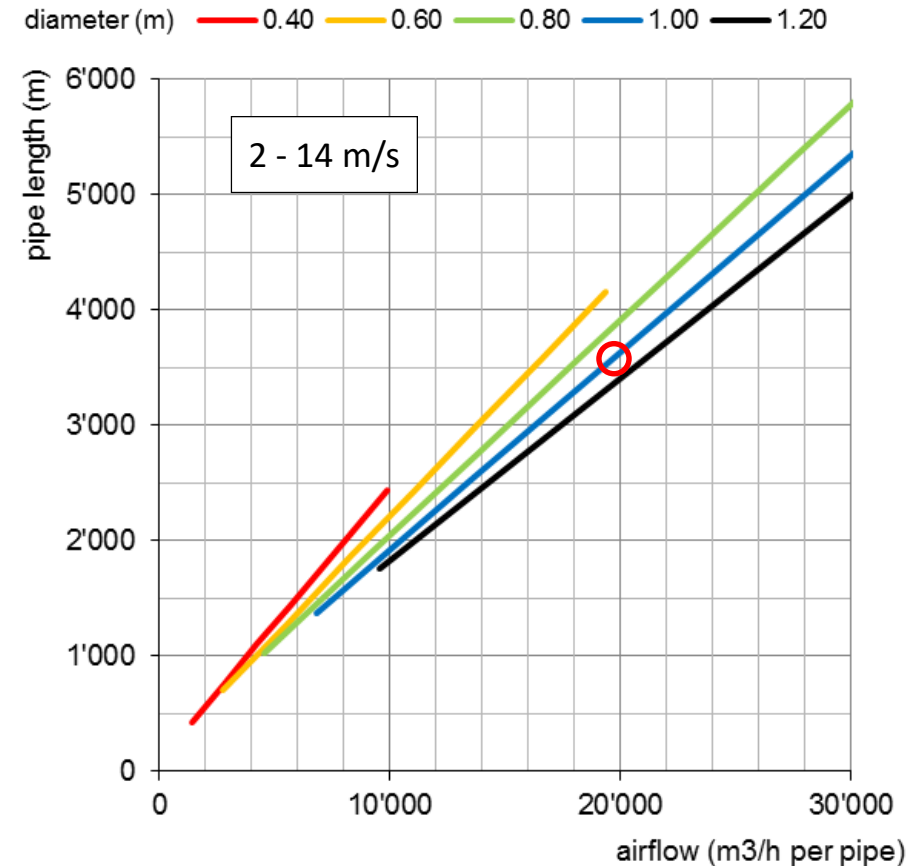
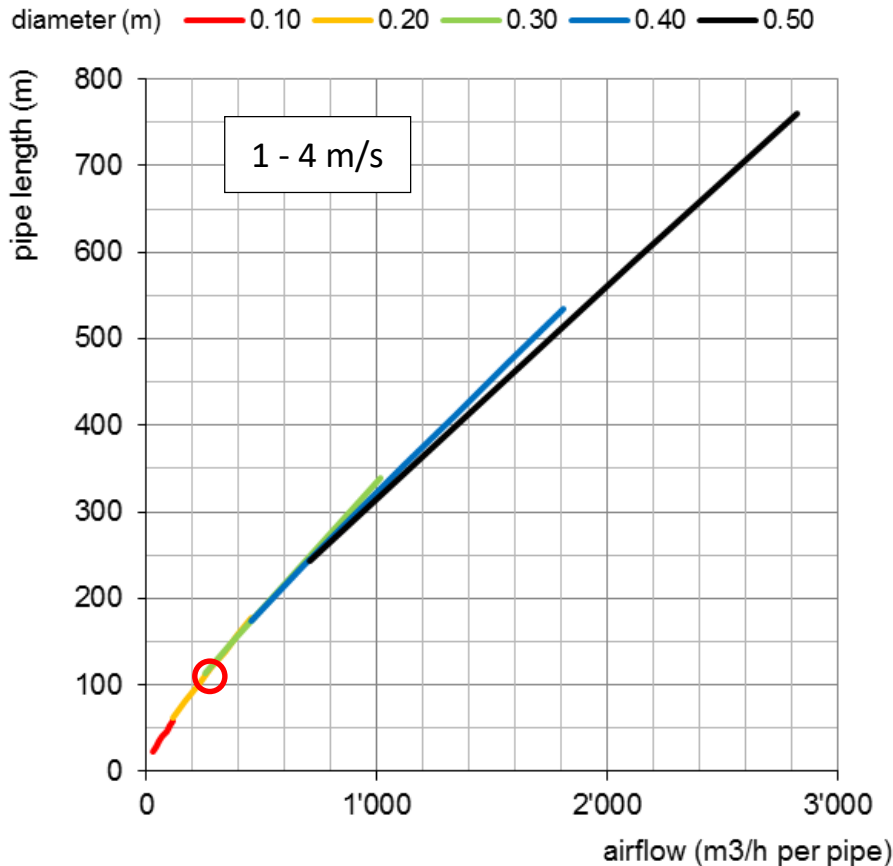
Daily dampening

Expected dynamic (analytical model, EP.Basic)



Annual dampening

Soil around pipe: ~ 260 cm



Option 1:

- Pipe: 100 m (diameter 20 cm) => 250 m³/h
- No pipes: 80 => total length: 8'000 m
- Velocity: 2.2 m/s

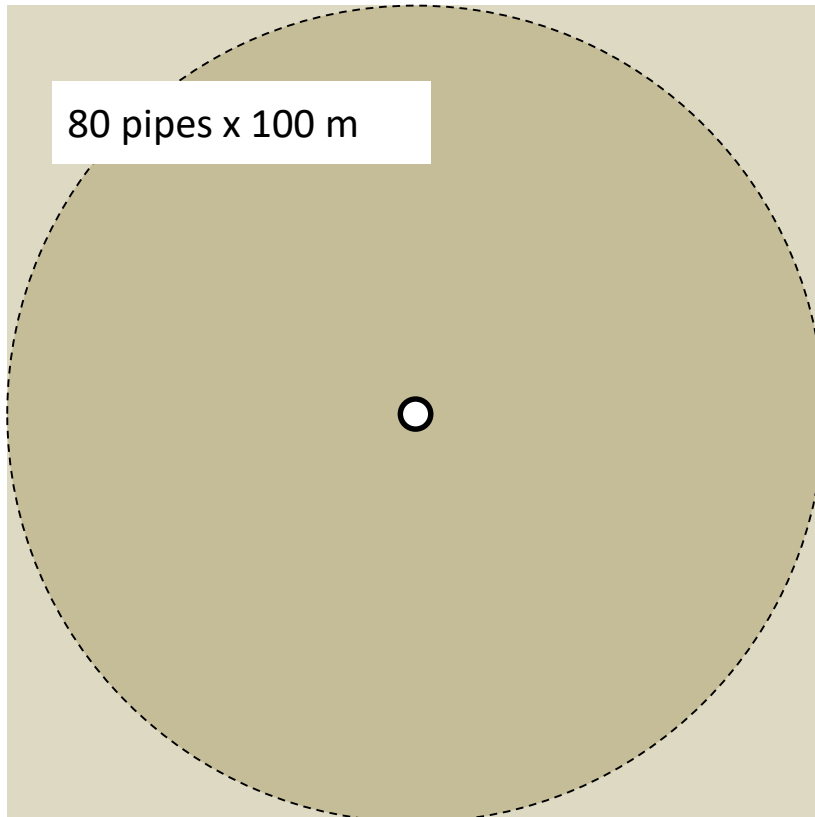
Option 2 (pipe in zig-zag):

- Pipe: 3'500 m (diameter 100 cm) => 20'000 m³/h
- No pipes: 1 => total length: 3'500 m
- Velocity: 7.1 m/s

Size

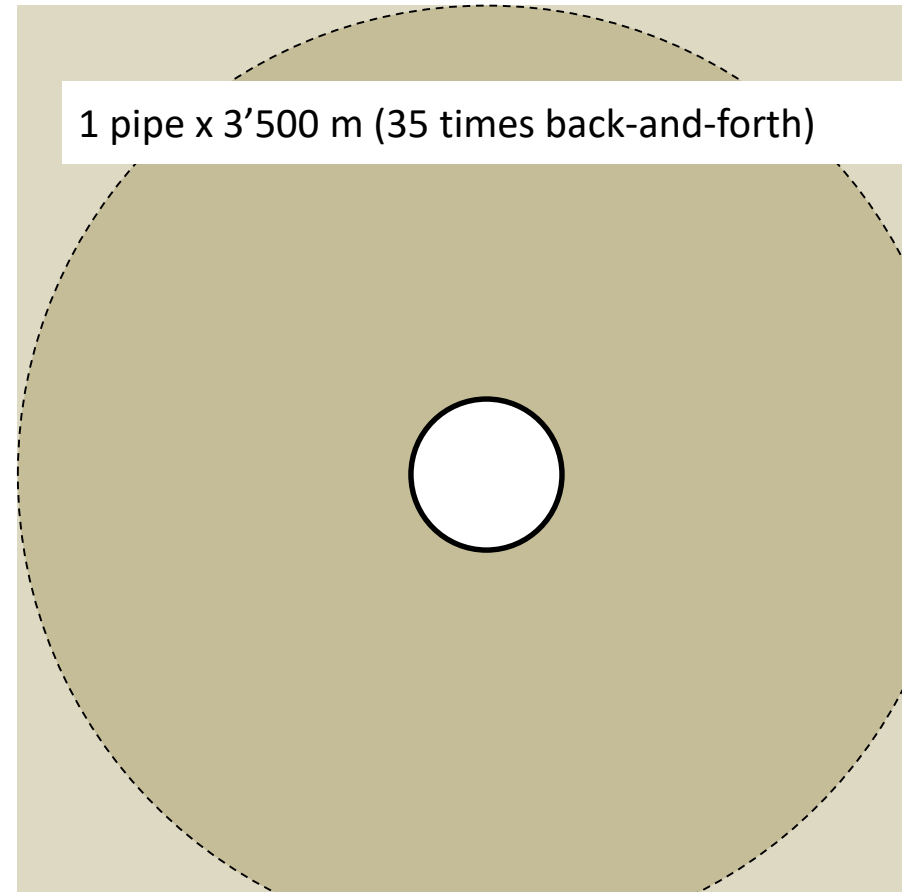
Option 1:

- Width per pipe: $0.2 + 2 \times 2.6 = 5.4 \text{ m}$
- Total area: $8'000 \text{ m} \times 5.4 \text{ m} = 43'200 \text{ m}^2 !!$
- Total width: $43'200 \text{ m}^2 / 100 \text{ m} = 430 \text{ m} !!$



Option 2:

- Width per pipe: $1.0 + 2 \times 2.6 = 6.2 \text{ m}$
- Total area: $3'500 \times 6.2 \text{ m} = 21'700 \text{ m}^2 !!$
- Total width: $21'700 \text{ m}^2 / 100 \text{ m} = 217 \text{ m} !!$

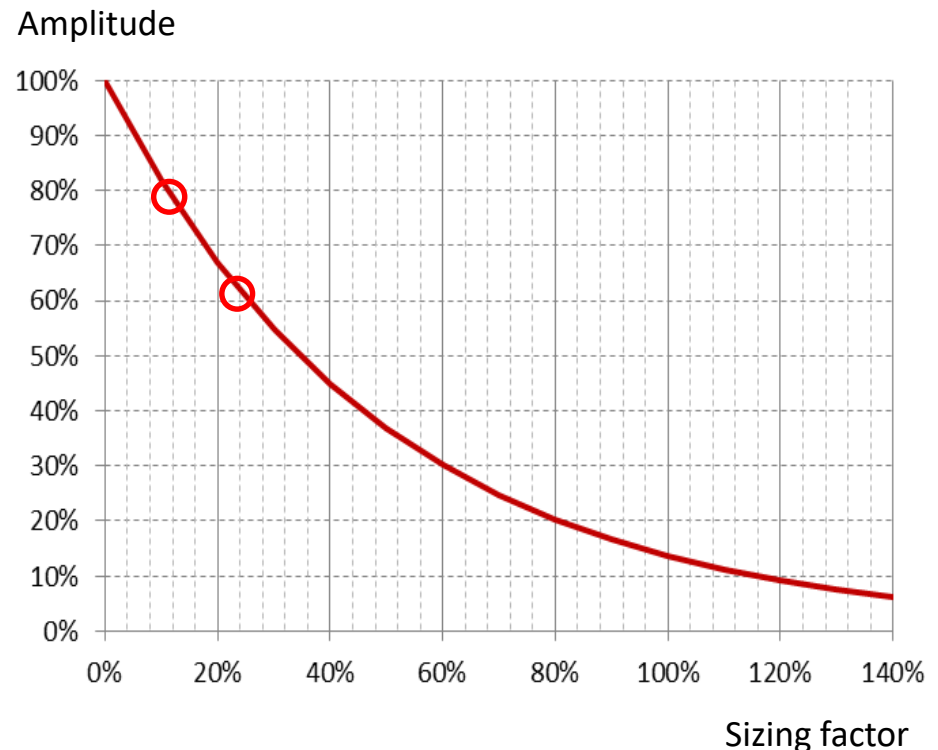


Downsizing of length

Option 1:

- Length possible: $(5000 \text{ m}^2 / 43'200 \text{ m}^2) \times 100 \text{ m/pipe} = 12 \text{ m/pipe}$
- **Complicated / unfeasible configuration !!**
- Length nomograph annual: 100 m/pipe
- Sizing factor annual: $12/100 = 12\%$
- **Amplitude annual: 80% !!**
- Length nomograph daily: 50 m/pipe
- Sizing factor daily: $12/50 = 24\%$
- **Amplitude daily: 60% !!**

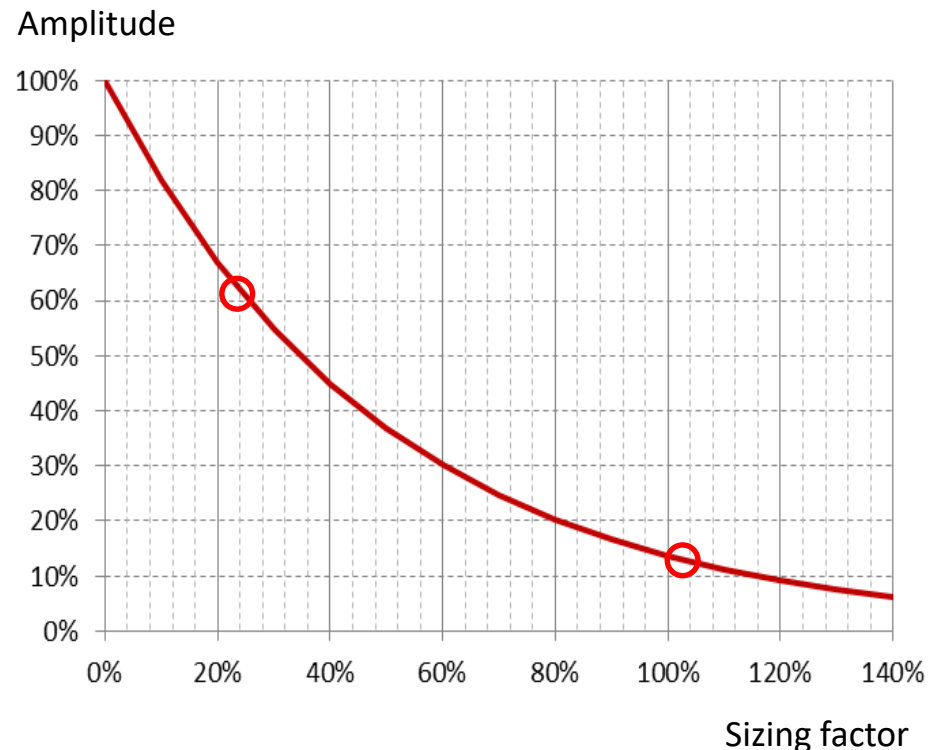
⇒ Unfeasible + bad results
⇒ Start with longer pipe length,
then downsize



Downsizing of length

Option 2:

- Length possible: $(5'000 \text{ m}^2 / 21'700 \text{ m}^2) \times 3'500 \text{ m} = 800 \text{ m}$
- 8 x back-and-forth on site length
- Length nomograph annual: 3'500 m
- Sizing factor annual: $800/3'500 = 23\%$
- Amplitude annual: 60%
- Length required daily: 700 m
- Sizing factor daily: $800/700 = 114\%$
- Amplitude daily: 12%



Expected performance

Option 2

Inlet:

- Annual mean: 24.7 °C
- Annual half amplitude: 12.3 °C
- Daily half amplitude: 7.3 °C
- Daily max: $24.7 + 12.3 + 7.3 = 44.3$ °C

Outlet

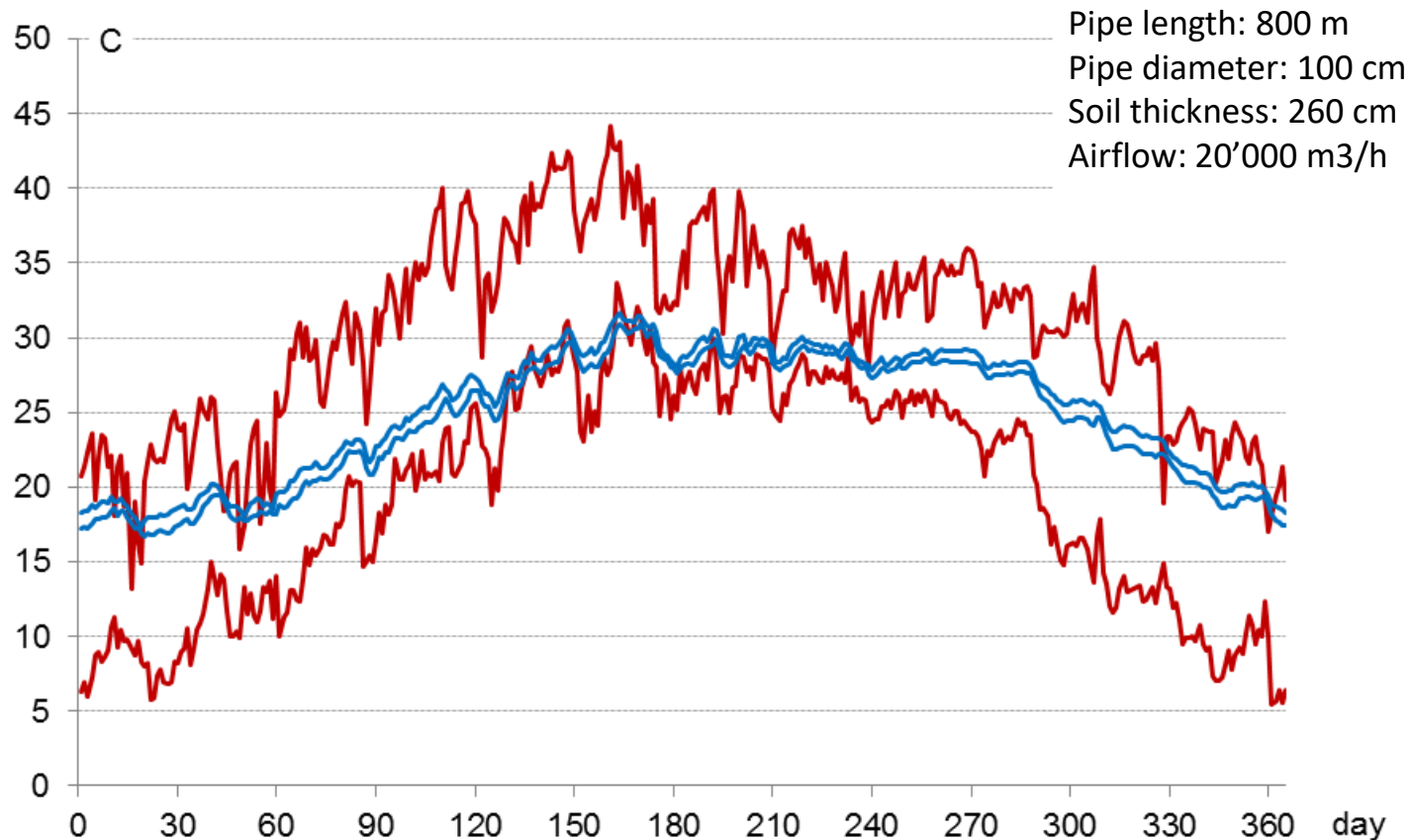
- Annual mean: 24.7 °C
- Annual half-amplitude: $60\% \times 12.3 \text{ °C} = 7.4 \text{ °C}$
- Daily half-amplitude: $12\% \times 7.3 \text{ °C} = 0.8 \text{ °C}$
- Daily max. (hottest): $24.7 + 7.4 + 0.8 = 32.9 \text{ °C}$

Performance:

- Temp. drop: $44.3 - 32.9 = 11.4 \text{ °C}$
- Cooling: $20'000 \text{ m}^3/\text{h} \times 11.4 \text{ °C} \times 0.3 = 68.4 \text{ kW}$

Annual dampening

Expected dynamic (analytical model, EP.Basic)



Perturbation from upper surface not taken into account!!